

Phospho-CDK2 (Thr14) Rabbit mAb
Catalog # AP76329**Specification****Phospho-CDK2 (Thr14) Rabbit mAb - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC-P, IP
Primary Accession	P24941
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Monoclonal Antibody
Calculated MW	33930

Phospho-CDK2 (Thr14) Rabbit mAb - Additional Information**Gene ID** 1017**Other Names**
CDK2**Dilution**
WB~~1/500-1/1000
IHC-P~~N/A
IP~~N/A**Format**
Liquid**Phospho-CDK2 (Thr14) Rabbit mAb - Protein Information****Name** CDK2**Synonyms** CDKN2**Function**

Serine/threonine-protein kinase involved in the control of the cell cycle; essential for meiosis, but dispensable for mitosis (PubMed: [10499802](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10499802) target="_blank">10499802, PubMed: [10884347](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10884347) target="_blank">10884347, PubMed: [10995386](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10995386) target="_blank">10995386, PubMed: [10995387](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10995387) target="_blank">10995387, PubMed: [11051553](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11051553) target="_blank">11051553, PubMed: [11113184](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11113184) target="_blank">11113184, PubMed: [12944431](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12944431) target="_blank">12944431, PubMed: [15800615](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15800615) target="_blank">15800615, PubMed: [17495531](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17495531) target="_blank">17495531, PubMed: [19966300](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19966300) target="_blank">19966300, PubMed: [20935635](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20935635) target="_blank">20935635, PubMed: [21262353](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21262353) target="_blank">21262353, PubMed: [21596315](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21596315)

target="_blank">21596315, PubMed:28216226, PubMed:28666995). Phosphorylates CABLES1, CTNNB1, CDK2AP2, ERCC6, NBN, USP37, p53/TP53, NPM1, CDK7, RB1, BRCA2, MYC, NPAT, EZH2 (PubMed:10499802, PubMed:10995386, PubMed:10995387, PubMed:11051553, PubMed:11113184, PubMed:12944431, PubMed:15800615, PubMed:19966300, PubMed:20935635, PubMed:21262353, PubMed:21596315, PubMed:28216226). Triggers duplication of centrosomes and DNA (PubMed:11051553). Acts at the G1-S transition to promote the E2F transcriptional program and the initiation of DNA synthesis, and modulates G2 progression; controls the timing of entry into mitosis/meiosis by controlling the subsequent activation of cyclin B/CDK1 by phosphorylation, and coordinates the activation of cyclin B/CDK1 at the centrosome and in the nucleus (PubMed:18372919, PubMed:19238148, PubMed:19561645). Crucial role in orchestrating a fine balance between cellular proliferation, cell death, and DNA repair in embryonic stem cells (ESCs) (PubMed:18372919, PubMed:19238148, PubMed:19561645). Activity of CDK2 is maximal during S phase and G2; activated by interaction with cyclin E during the early stages of DNA synthesis to permit G1-S transition, and subsequently activated by cyclin A2 (cyclin A1 in germ cells) during the late stages of DNA replication to drive the transition from S phase to mitosis, the G2 phase (PubMed:18372919, PubMed:19238148, PubMed:19561645). EZH2 phosphorylation promotes H3K27me3 maintenance and epigenetic gene silencing (PubMed:20935635). Cyclin E/CDK2 prevents oxidative stress- mediated Ras-induced senescence by phosphorylating MYC (PubMed:19966300). Involved in G1-S phase DNA damage checkpoint that prevents cells with damaged DNA from initiating mitosis; regulates homologous recombination-dependent repair by phosphorylating BRCA2, this phosphorylation is low in S phase when recombination is active, but increases as cells progress towards mitosis (PubMed:15800615, PubMed:20195506, PubMed:21319273). In response to DNA damage, double- strand break repair by homologous recombination a reduction of CDK2- mediated BRCA2 phosphorylation (PubMed:15800615). Involved in regulation of telomere repair by mediating phosphorylation of NBN (PubMed:28216226). Phosphorylation of RB1 disturbs its interaction with E2F1 (PubMed:10499802). NPM1 phosphorylation by cyclin E/CDK2 promotes its dissociates from unduplicated centrosomes, thus initiating centrosome duplication (PubMed:11051553). Cyclin E/CDK2-mediated phosphorylation of NPAT at G1-S transition and until prophase stimulates the NPAT-mediated activation of histone gene

transcription during S phase (PubMed:10995386, PubMed:10995387). Required for vitamin D-mediated growth inhibition by being itself inactivated (PubMed:20147522). Involved in the nitric oxide- (NO) mediated signaling in a nitrosylation/activation-dependent manner (PubMed:20079829). USP37 is activated by phosphorylation and thus triggers G1-S transition (PubMed:21596315). CTNNB1 phosphorylation regulates insulin internalization (PubMed:21262353). Phosphorylates FOXP3 and negatively regulates its transcriptional activity and protein stability (By similarity). Phosphorylates ERCC6 which is essential for its chromatin remodeling activity at DNA double-strand breaks (PubMed:29203878). Acts as a regulator of the phosphatidylinositol 3- kinase/protein kinase B signal transduction by mediating phosphorylation of the C-terminus of protein kinase B (PKB/AKT1 and PKB/AKT2), promoting its activation (PubMed:24670654).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Nucleus, Cajal body. Cytoplasm. Endosome Note=Localized at the centrosomes in late G2 phase after separation of the centrosomes but before the start of prophase. Nuclear-cytoplasmic trafficking is mediated during the inhibition by 1,25-(OH)(2)D(3)

Phospho-CDK2 (Thr14) Rabbit mAb - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Phospho-CDK2 (Thr14) Rabbit mAb - Images



